

MATEMATIK
GU, Chalmers
A.Heintz

Datum: 2011-05-25
Hjälpmedel: Beta
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Tenta i matematisk modellering, MMG510, MVE160

1. Linear systems.

Consider the following ODE:

$$\frac{d\vec{r}(t)}{dt} = A\vec{r}(t), \quad \vec{r}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} r_1(t) \\ r_2(t) \end{bmatrix} \text{ with } A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -4 \\ -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix},$$

Find the evolution operator for this system. (2p)

Find which type has the stationary point at the origin and give a possibly exact sketch of the phase portrait. (2p)

2. Ljapunovs functions and stability of fixed points.

Consider the system of equations:
$$\begin{cases} x' = -x + 2xy^2 \\ y' = -(1-x^2)y^3 \end{cases}$$

Investigate stability of the fixed point in the origin.

3. Periodic solutions to ODE.

Show that the system of equations

$$\begin{cases} x' = \sin(y) + x(y^2 + 1) \\ y' = (x-1)^2 + x^2y \end{cases}$$

does not have periodic solutions. (4p)

4. Hopf bifurcation.

Explain the notion Hopf bifurcation.

Show that the system
$$\begin{cases} x' = \mu x + y - x^3 \cos(x) \\ y' = -x + \mu^2 y \end{cases}$$

has a Hopf bifurcation at $\mu = 0$. (4p)

5. Chemical reactions by Gillespies method

Consider the following reactions:
$$X + Z \xrightleftharpoons[c_2]{c_1} W, \quad W + Z \xrightleftharpoons[c_4]{c_3} P$$
 where $c_i dt$ is the probability that during time dt the reaction with index i will take place $i = 1, 2, 3, 4$.

a) Write down differential equations for the number of particles for these reactions. (2p)

b) Give formulas for the algorithm that models these reactions stochastically by Gillespies method. (2p)

Max. 20 points;

For GU: VG: 15 points; G: 10 points. For Chalmers: 5: 17 points; 4: 14 points; 3: 10 points;

Total points for the course will be an average of points for the project (60%) and for this exam together with bonus points for home assignments(40%).